NEWSLETTER

Draw the Line

FEBRUARY 2018

NEWSLETTER VOLUME 2/2018

Content of this Newsletter:

Network meetings
Start of the 3rd training circle
Using the multiplier effect
Factors for a successful implementation of the multiplier concept
Effects

"Any act of genderbased violence that results in, or is likely to result in, physical, sexual or psychological harm or suffering to women, including threats of such acts, coercion or arbitrary deprivations of liberty, whether occurring in public or in private life."Despite the clarity, inclusivity, and breadth of this formal definition, what is considered an abusive or violent act varies widely between nations, cultures, and

Network meetings:

All partners were initiating local network meetings with key players from governmental institutions, policy makers and professionals in order to discuss and develop sustainable actions to prevent and combat sexual violence and harassment particularly concerning immigrant women. Through outreach and network building at a transnational as well as international level effort is made to coordinate the transfer of knowledge and the exchange of experience. Not only professionals are actively contacted but also migrant organizations and self-help initiatives so that first-hand information and knowledge is readily available.

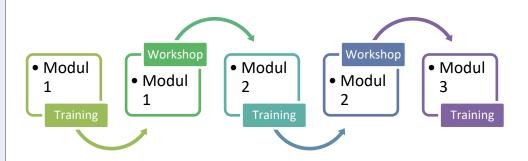
In the meanwhile in all countries the 2^{nd} or already 3^{rd} network meetings took place.

Start of the 3rd training circle

Seventeen women from nine countries started the 3rd circle of training and workshops. All partners were building up their second cycles upon the experiences and feedback of the first cycles.

"From science to practice"

The concept has foreseen that the multipliers always have a training session and hold then a workshop in their community. In total they are trained and asked for six modules (the graphic shows only 3 modules).



Using the multiplier effect

In this project, we use the advantages of multipliers. But what is that about?

The term "multiplier", which is commonly used in didactics and methodology, derives from the Latin multiplicare (= 'multiply'). It originated in arithmetic and, as a technical term for education in the education sector, has the meaning of "propagating a knowledge area, reproducing it" and thus making it accessible to a broader group of people. Addressees can be a special trade audience or, in simplified forms of mediation, also an interested public. Multipliers are first and foremost people who accept the material that seems important or interesting to them and that they consider worthy of passing it on to others. However, multipliers may also be institutions to which the assignment of multiplier activity or multiplier training has been assigned, e.g. Continuing and further education institutes. Finally, the multipliers in the education sector also include media whose business is to make education-relevant information public and to make it available to a wider audience, for example specialist journals or reference books.

Factors for a successful implementation of the multiplier concept

High quality training and support (motivation, practical relevance, accompanying supervision, control of multiplier work etc.),

Well decided selection of multipliers (willingness to cooperate, competence for questions concerning the respective topic, Create an elaborated overall strategy (exchange with other multipliers, local networking and Cooperation development, low threshold etc.).

Effects

III. Increasing sustainability of measures and projects (e.g., by incorporation into self-supporting Network structures)

II. Increasing the problem-solving ability of target groups,

"C organizations and communities

I. increasing the reach of information and messages,i.e. reach many members of a target group as quickly and

cheaply as possible



Capacity Building



Co-funded by the European Union's Rights, Equality and Citizenship Programme (2014-2020)

